Technical Data Sheet

PE Mouse Anti-Human CD117

Product Information

Material Number: 555714

Alternate Name: KIT; c-Kit; SCFR; PBT: Mast/stem cell growth factor receptor

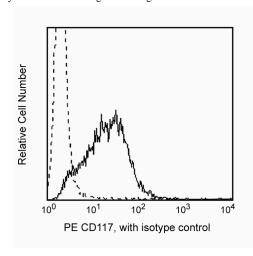
Size **Concentration:** 0.2 mg/ml YB5.B8 Clone: **Isotype:** Mouse IgG1, κ Reactivity: QC Testing: Human

Workshop: V C009

Storage Buffer: Aqueous buffered solution containing ≤0.09% sodium azide.

Description

The YB5.B8 monoclonal antibody specifically binds to CD117. CD117, also known as c-Kit, is a 145 kDa cell-surface glycoprotein with tyrosine kinase activity. CD117 is present on hematopoietic progenitor cell subsets, thymocytes, mast cells, hepatocytes and histiocytes. CD117 serves as a cytokine receptor for steel factor (SLF), also known as stem cell factor (SCF) or mast cell growth factor (MGF). The interaction of c-Kit and SLF is crucial to hematopoiesis, mast cell differentiation, melanogenesis, and germ cell development. The ability of the YB5.B8 antibody to block the binding of c-Kit ligand is still controversial.



Profile of the erythroleukemia cell line, TF-1, analyzed on a FACScan (BDIS, San Jose, CA)

Preparation and Storage

The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography.

The antibody was conjugated with R-PE under optimum conditions, and unconjugated antibody and free PE were removed. Store undiluted at 4°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.

Application Notes

Application

Flow cytometry Routinely Tested

Suggested Companion Products

Catalog Number Name Clone 555749 PE Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control MOPC-21

Product Notices

- Since applications vary, each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results.
- Please refer to www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/protocols for technical protocols.
- For fluorochrome spectra and suitable instrument settings, please refer to our Fluorochrome Web Page at www.bdbiosciences.com/colors. 3.
- Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.

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